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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/207,143 12/08/1998		12/08/1998	DON HIDEYASU MATSUBAYASHI	36J.P170	6391
5514	7590	03/04/2004		. EXAMINER	
		LLA HARPER	POON, KING Y		
30 ROCKE	FELLER F	PLAZA			
NEW YORK	K, NY 1	0112	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2624	<u> </u>
				DATE MAILED: 03/04/200	4 15

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/207,143	MATSUBAYASHI, DON HIDEYAS				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	King Y. Poon	2624				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION.  FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a loon.  In a reply within the statutory minimum of thir period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on	19 June 2003.					
	This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for a	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 3-5,8-22 and 25-30 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) 3-5,8-10 and 12-22 is/are allowed 6) ☐ Claim(s) 11,25,26 and 28-30 is/are reject 7) ☐ Claim(s) 27 is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	thdrawn from consideration. ed. ed.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa						
	In the drawing(s) filed on $12  \text{Fe}$ bruary 1999 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection t	÷ ,	, ,				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the c	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. , . ,				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International B * See the attached detailed Office action for	ments have been received. ments have been received in A e priority documents have been sureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	application No received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) ⊠ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date		nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The following rejection is based on an updated search on, and the newly cited references found in the updated search.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 11, 26, 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(x) as being unpatentable over Joliat et al (US 6,083,007) in view of Laney et al (US 6,366,966).

Regarding claim 11: Joliat teaches method for outputting a quick-start guide (setting for all possible options, column 6, lines 10-55), said method comprising the steps of sending a signal (the signal of the installation program, column 7, lines 60-67) to a computer system (e.g., a PC, column 8, lines 1-15) that ordinarily would be sent when a memory medium (CDROM, column 7, lines 60-65) has been inserted into a memory medium drive (inherently, a CDROM drive must be provided to read a CD ROM); wherein when the computer system executes the executable program (installation program, column 7, lines 67), the executable program causes the computer system to output an image of the

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quick-start guide (column 8, lines 1-15) wherein the quick start guide identifies installation and configuration instructions.

Joliat does not teach intercepting a request from the computer system for a filename for the executable program; sending the filename for the executable program to the computer system in response to the request for the filename; intercepting a request from the computer system for the executable program; and sending the executable program to the computer system in response to the request for the executable program.

Laney, in the same area of loading program from a CDROM (126, fig. 1) to a computer system, column 2, lines 10-25, column 3, lines 1-45), teaches in Microsoft Windows environment, an executable program is automatically run from the CD ROM by: sending the filename for the executable program to the computer system in response to the request for the filename (shell search AUTORUN.INF. for a file name, e.g., Demo.Bat, column 3, lines 10-40); intercepting a request from the computer system for the executable program (the signal to the CD ROM drive such that the Demo.Bat can be located, inherent properties when shell from the computer try to locate a file in the CD ROM); and sending the executable program (inherent properties for the computer to run a program located in the CD ROM) to the computer system in response to the request for the executable program.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Joliat's program access method to include: intercepting a request from the computer system for a

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filename for the executable program; sending the filename for the executable program to the computer system in response to the request for the filename; intercepting a request from the computer system for the executable program; and sending the executable program to the computer system in response to the request for the executable program.

It would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Joliat's program access method by the teaching of Laney because of the following reasons: (a) it would have allowed users to use Microsoft computer; (b) since Microsoft is one of the biggest computer software company, using Microsoft computer would have allowed the user having the greatest selection of the software for his system; and (c) it would have allowed users to received technical support from the biggest computer software company.

Regarding claim 26: Joliat teaches detecting information about a device, (as discussion in claim 11, the quick start guide is outputted based on the detection of signal for a filename for an executable program in the CD ROM drive) wherein the image of the quick-start guide is based on the detected information.

Regarding claim 28: Joliat wherein the computer system has a display (column 6, line 36) connected thereto, and wherein the image of the quick-start guide is output through the display.

Regarding claim 29: Joliat teaches wherein the computer system has a printer connected thereto, and wherein the image of the quick-start guide is

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output through the printer onto a recording medium. (column 6, lines 45-50, fig. 4)

Regarding claim 30: Joliat teaches wherein the memory medium is a CD-ROM and the memory medium drive is a CD-ROM drive. (column 7, lines 66-67)

4. Claims 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Joliat et al (US 6,083,007) in view of Laney et al (US 6,366,966) and Crosswy et al. (US 5,325,532)

Regarding claim 25: Claim 25 is claiming a processor and a program memory storing the program step discussed in claim 11. (please see the discussion of claim 11)

Joliat, teaches it is well known in the art to have a program memory storing program steps for a processor/controller (collumn 4, lines 58-60).

Joliat does not teach a processor and a program memory storing the program step for the CD ROM drive.

Crosswy, in the same area of CD ROM drive, teaches a CD Rom drive is having a controller/processor (column 5, lines 40-45).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Joliat/Laney to include: a processor and a program memory storing the program step for the CD ROM drive.

It would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Joliat/Laney by the teaching of

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Crosswy because of the following reasons: (a) it would have allowed the CD ROM drive to be programmed to perform different functions; and (b) it would have allowed the CD ROM drive to be produced in a large quantities to reduce cost because new functions/different functions can be added to the CD ROM drive without changing the hardware of the CD ROM drive.

### Allowable Subject Matter

- 5. Claims 3-5, 8-10, 12-22 allowed.
- 6. Claim 27 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Thomas et al (US 6,529,992) teaches the autorun.inf and the autorun.exe file in a a CD ROM used by Microsoft Windows.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to King Y. Poon whose telephone number is

King for for

2/29/04

(703) 3050892.